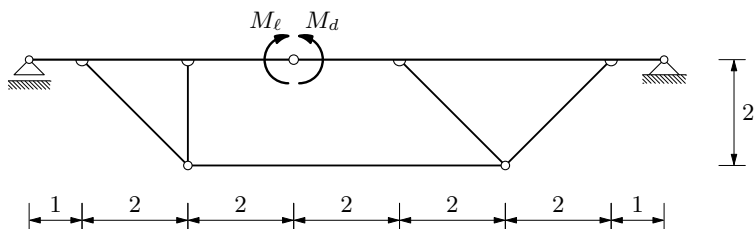


# GS 1. — 2. kolokvij (A) (2004./2005.)

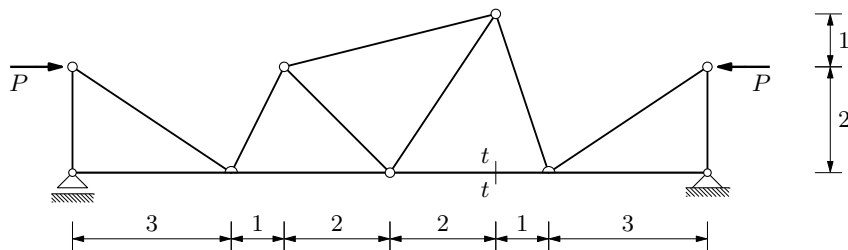
1. (30) Grafoanalitičkim postupkom nacrtajte  $M$  dijagram.

$$M_\ell = 50 \text{ kNm}, \quad M_d = 100 \text{ kNm}$$



2. (20) Odabranim postupkom odredite sile u zadanom presjeku.

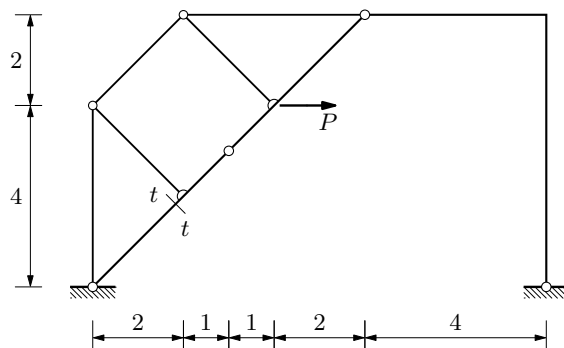
$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$



3. (10) Izvedite diferencijalne jednadžbe ravnoteže za ravni štap u ravni  $xz$ .

4. (20) Grafičkim postupkom odredite sile u zadanom presjeku.

$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$

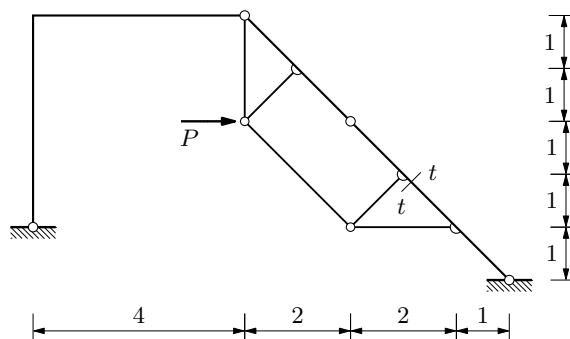


# GS 1. — 2. kolokvij (B) (2004./2005.)

1. (10) Izvedite diferencijalne jednačbe ravnoteže za ravni štap u ravнини  $xy$ .

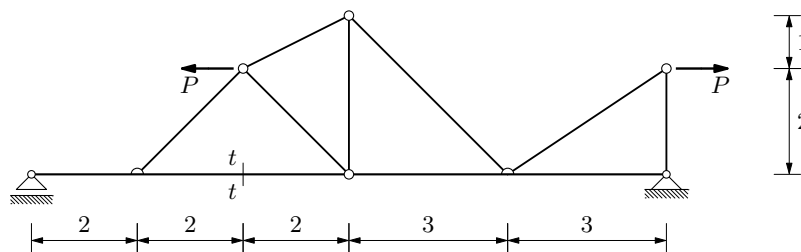
2. (20) Grafičkim postupkom odredite sile u zadanom presjeku.

$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$



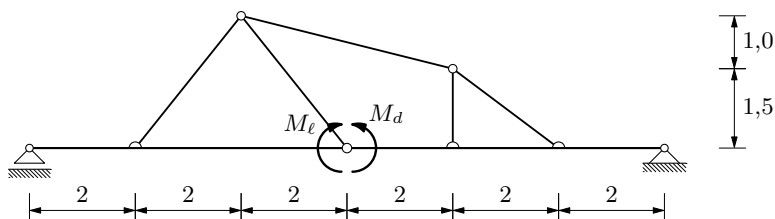
3. (20) Odabranim postupkom odredite sile u zadanom presjeku.

$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$



4. (30) Grafoanalitičkim postupkom nacrtajte  $M$  dijagram.

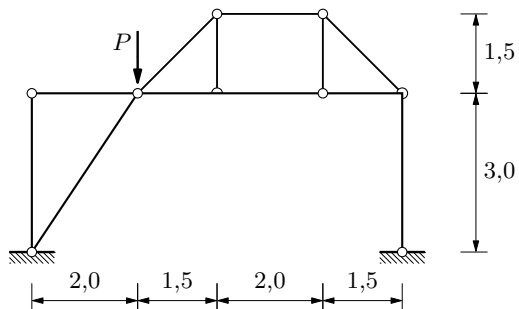
$$M_\ell = 150 \text{ kNm (djeluje na gredu)}, \quad M_d = 75 \text{ kNm}$$



# GS 1. — 2. kolokvij (C) (2004./2005.)

1. (20) Grafičkim ili grafoanalitičkim postupkom nacrtajte  $M$  dijagram.

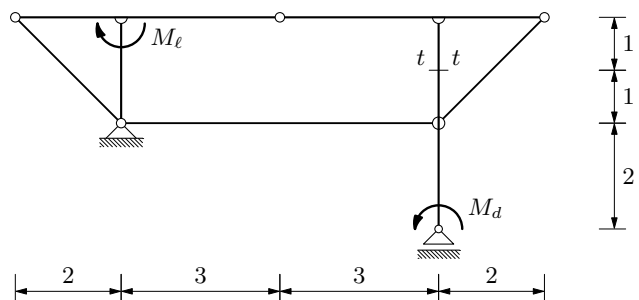
$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$



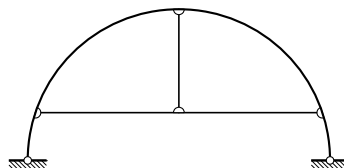
2. (30) Grafičkim postupkom odredite sile u presjeku  $t - t$ .

$$M_\ell = 50 \text{ kNm},$$

$$M_d = 100 \text{ kNm}$$

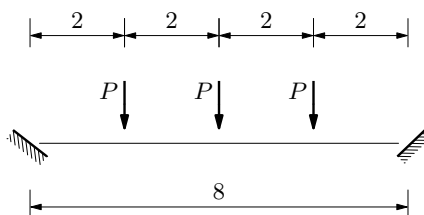


3. (5) Izračunajte stupanj statičke neodređenosti.



4. (25) Odredite mogući oblik osi trozglobnog okvira nad zadanim rasponom, sa zglibom u polovini raspona, tako da za zadano opterećenje u okviru nema momenata savijanja.

$$P = 125 \text{ kN}$$

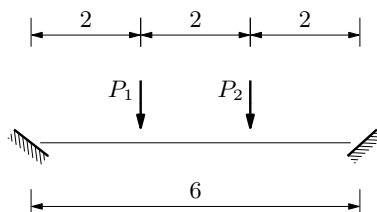


# GS 1. — 2. kolokvij (D) (2004./2005.)

1. (25) Odredite mogući oblik osi trozglobnog okvira nad zadanim rasponom, sa zglobom u polovini raspona, tako da za zadano opterećenje u okviru nema momenata savijanja.

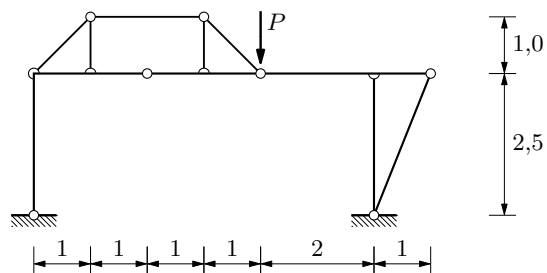
$$P_1 = 100 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_2 = 75 \text{ kN}$$



2. (20) Grafičkim ili grafoanalitičkim postupkom nacrtajte  $M$  dijagram.

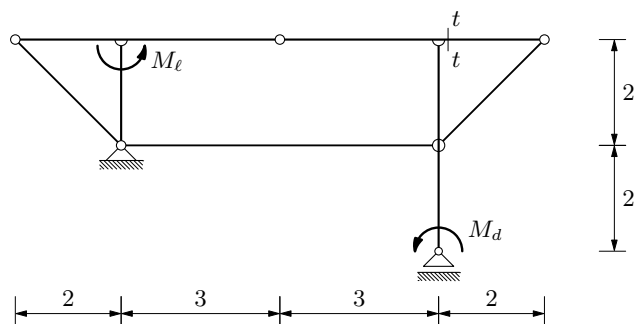
$$P = 100 \text{ kN}$$



3. (30) Grafičkim postupkom odredite sile u presjeku  $t - t$ .

$$M_\ell = 100 \text{ kNm},$$

$$M_d = 100 \text{ kNm}$$



4. (5) Izračunajte broj stupnjeva slobode.

